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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/712,114	11/13/2003	Robert J. Yatka	1391/1561	7674
28455 75	590 11/03/2005	EXAMINER		INER
WRIGLEY & DREYFUS 28455 BRINKS HOFER GILSON & LIONE			CORBIN, ARTHUR L	
P.O. BOX 10395 CHICAGO, IL 60610		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		1761		

DATE MAILED: 11/03/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary		10/712,114	YATKA ET AL.
		Examiner	Art Unit
		Arthur L. Corbin	1761
7 Period for R	he MAILING DATE of this communication app Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the o	orrespondence address
WHICHE - Extension after SIX - If NO per - Failure to Any reply	TENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY EVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA is of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. iod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, received by the Office later than three months after the mailing atent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status			
2a)⊠ Th 3)∐ Sir	esponsive to communication(s) filed on <u>17 Octoors</u> is action is FINAL . 2b) This note this application is in condition for allowards as a coordance with the practice under Expression is accordance with the practice under Expression is accordance.	action is non-final.	
Disposition	of Claims		
4a) 5)□ Cla 6)⊠ Cla 7)□ Cla	aim(s) <u>6,11,24-27,30 and 31</u> is/are pending in Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw aim(s) is/are allowed. aim(s) <u>6,11,24-27,30,31</u> is/are rejected. aim(s) is/are objected to. aim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.	
Application	Papers		
10)∭ The Ap Re	e specification is objected to by the Examine drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceplicant may not request that any objection to the placement drawing sheet(s) including the corrected oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the l drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Sec ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority und	er 35 U.S.C. § 119		
a)[/ 1.[2.[3.[knowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive I (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)			
	References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	
3) 🔲 Informati	Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) on Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) (s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate ratent Application (PTO-152)

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 7-05)

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1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 6, 11, 24-27, 30 and 31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nofre et al in view of Yatka et al. Applicant is referred to paragraph no. 7, Paper No. 081104. Further, applicant's claimed panning procedure to apply the coating is well known according to Yatka et al (Abstract).
- 3. Claims 6, 11, 24-27, 30 and 31 are also rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nofre et al (5,510,508, cols. 1 and 6) or Nofre et al (5,460,668, cols. 4-6 and claim 3) in view of Glass et al (4,374,858, col. 1, line 62 to col. 2, line 13 and col. 3, lines 1-12) and further in view of Yatka et al. Applicant is referred to paragraph no. 4, Paper No. 070505 and to the last sentence in paragraph no. 2 above.
- 4. Applicant's arguments filed October 17, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Although Yatka et al does not disclose the use of sweeteners other than alitame as part of a rolling compound, as applicant contends, the fact that Yatka et al suggests using a well known sweetener in such a manner would lead the skilled artisan to conclude that it would have been obvious to apply this well known coating concept using other conventional chewing gum sweeteners. Applicant's logic, that the use of one sweetener in a particular fashion does not mean that it would have been obvious to use other similar sweeteners accordingly, is faulty. Otherwise, applicant would have us believe that every time a different but similar sweetener is used in

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applicant's process, such a process would be patentable. Clearly, this is not convincing.

Yatka et al's use of a panning procedure to apply alitame to chewing gum will not necessarily delay its release, as applicant concludes. Some modification of the alitame would also be required to achieve such a result. Further, whereas Yatka et al does not suggest mixing alitame with another sweetener, as applicant argues, Yatka et al does render it obvious to use a panning procedure to apply a sweetener to chewing gum as part of a rolling compound. Since Nofre et al ('668) suggests using alitame in combination with applicant's claimed aspartame sweetener, it thus becomes obvious to apply this sweetener combination to chewing gum by the panning procedure disclosed for alitame in Yatka et al.

Applicant's remarks with regard to Glass et al are not convincing. Glass et al applies aspartame itself to chewing gum as part of a rolling compound, and aspartame is quite similar in its properties to applicant's claimed N-substituted aspartame thereby making it obvious to apply either in the same manner regardless of the reason.

Applicant's attempt to refute this position, by asserting that Nofre et al ('668) teaches that N-substituted aspartame is more stable in chewing gum than unsubstituted aspartame, is without merit since Nofre et al does not support applicant's assertion.

5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Arthur L. Corbin whose telephone number is (571) 272-1399. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 10:30 AM to 8:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Milton I. Cano, can be reached on (571) 272-1398. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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Arthur L Corbin Primary Examiner Art Unit 1761

10-31-06